

Kompositionen für Siegfried Behrend

(1933 - 1990)



Lebensstationen

1933	Geboren in Berlin
1951	Erste öffentliche Auftritte internationale Karriere als Konzertgitarrist parallel dazu internationale Karriere mit Belina ("Folksong")
seit 60er	Engagement im Bereich Zupforchester
ab ca. 1965	Hinwendung zur Avantgarde
ab ca. 1970	Künstlerische Zusammenarbeit mit Claudia Brodzinska-Behrend
ab ca. 1970	Gründung des DZO, Musikfestivals (Altmühltal, Oberland)
ca. 1980	Anstoß zur Gründung der EGTA
1990	Tod in Bayern



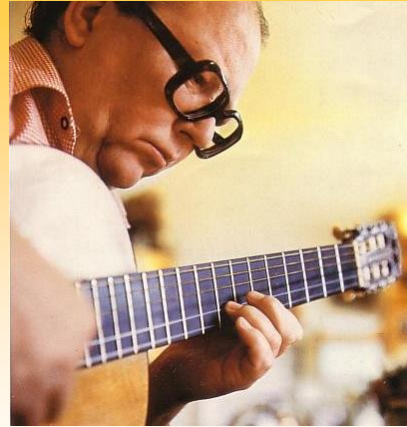
Konzertante Gitarrenmusik

Gitarre und Stimme

Avantgarde

Folkloristische Musik

Werke für Zupforchester



Heinz-Friedrich Hartig (1907-1969)



Gitarresolo

Concertante Suite für Gitarre und Orchester op. 19

Perché für Gitarre und gemischten Chor op. 28

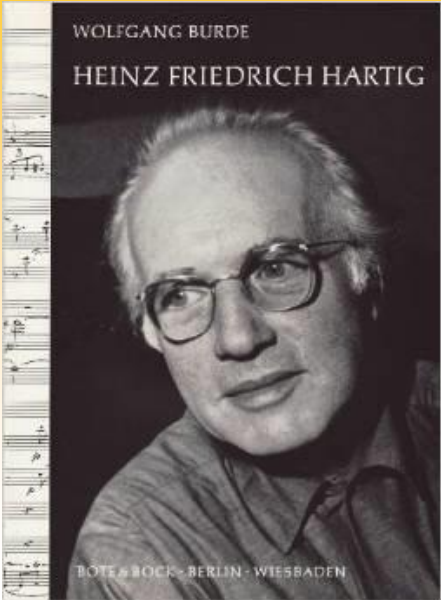
Drei Stücke für Gitarre op. 26

Fünf Stücke für Flauto dolce und Gitarre op. 25



“... Eine märchenhafte Musik [...] Doch es ist nicht gefragt, nicht populär, nicht verkaufbar und darum wird es wohl nie produziert werden ... Eine ganz traurige Angelegenheit. (S.B. in einem Interview 1984)

Hartig über Hartig



2

Für Siegfried Behrend

Concertante Suite

für Gitarre und Orchester

redigiert und herausgegeben von
Siegfried Behrend

Heinz Friedrich Hartig Op. 19

I. Allegro ma non troppo

The image displays the first page of a musical score for 'Concertante Suite' by Heinz Friedrich Hartig, Op. 19, for guitar and orchestra. The score is written for guitar and includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and fingerings. The tempo is marked 'I. Allegro ma non troppo'. The score is edited and published by Siegfried Behrend. The page number '2' is in the top left corner. The score includes fingerings (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) and dynamic markings like 'dolce' and 'metalico'.

Musical score for guitar, measures 15-29. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, sixteenth notes, and chords. Measure numbers 15, 20, 25, and 29 are indicated in boxes. Fingering numbers (1-5) are placed above or below notes. A 'C6' chord symbol is present in measure 29.

Musical score for guitar, measures 30-44. The score continues in treble clef with the same key signature. It features more complex rhythmic patterns and chord progressions. Measure numbers 30, 35, 40, and 44 are indicated in boxes. Fingering numbers are used throughout to guide the player.

⑥ — ⑤ — ④ ③ ② ② ④ ⑤ ②

④ ⑤ ④ ⑥ ⑤ ④ ② 50 1

② 55 1

60 1 1 1

1 2 65 1 70 1

75 ① ②

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ 80

④ ④ ④ ⑤ ② ③ ④ ⑤ ③ ② ③

Rasgueado 85

② ④ ⑤ ③ 90

Musical score for a piano piece, measures 85-140. The score is written for a single melodic line on a grand staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, along with dynamic markings like *p* (piano) and *f* (forte). Measure numbers 85, 95, 100, 105, 110, and 140 are indicated. The piece concludes with a final cadence in measure 140.

IV. *Allegro molto e vivace (Finale)*

Musical score for the finale of a piano piece, measures 1-30. The score is written for a single melodic line on a grand staff. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, along with dynamic markings like *p* (piano) and *f* (forte). Measure numbers 1, 10, 15, 20, 25, and 30 are indicated. The piece concludes with a final cadence in measure 30.

35 *Solo* 6

40

45

50

55

60 *gliss.*

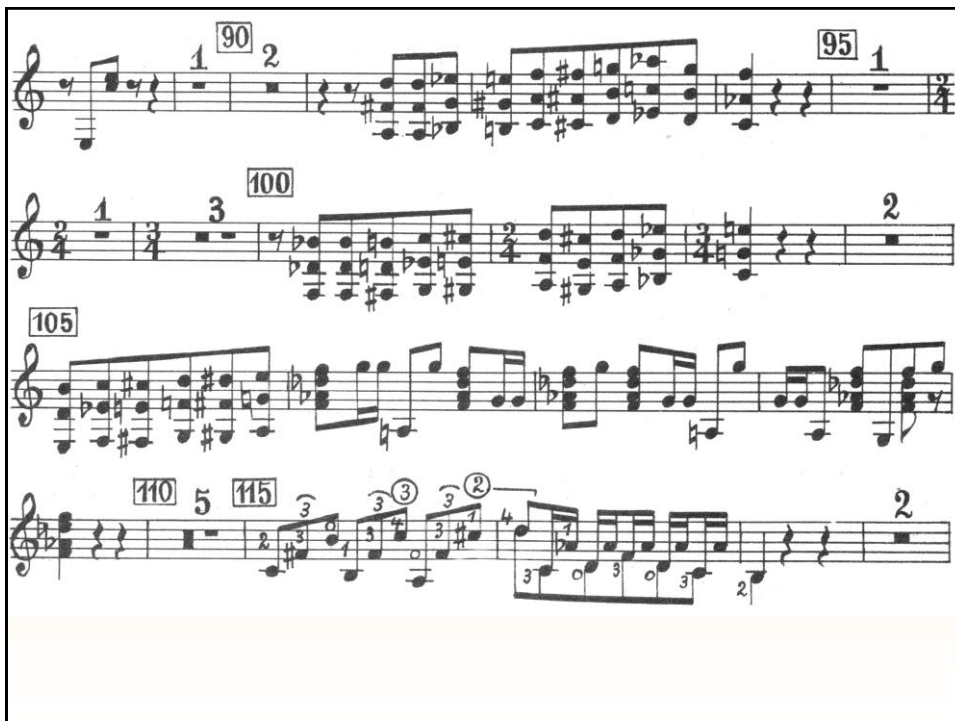
65

70

75

80

85



Interview WFMT Chicago

Auszug aus einem einstündigen

Interview in englischer Sprache 1961

Behrend war 27 Jahre alt.

2 *to Siegfried Behrend*

GITARRESOLO - SOLO FOR GUITAR

(1951)

Fingered by SIEGFRIED BEHREND HEINZ FRIEDRICH HARTIG
1907-1969

$\text{♩} = 160-168$

The score is for guitar, in 2/4 time, with a tempo of 160-168 bpm. It features three staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The second and third staves have a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The score includes various chords, arpeggios, and melodic lines with fingerings and accents. The tempo markings 'rall.' and 'a tempo' are present. The score is numbered 2 in the top left corner.

2. Disgrazia (Allegro) 20

sempre 25

Per ché? dis-gra-zi-
Per - ché? dis-gra-zi-

f 30 *sf* *sf*
Ah, — ah, —
a, per-ché, per-ché? Ah, — ah, —
a, per-ché, per-ché? Ah, — ah, —
Ah, — ah, —

35 *mf*
Ah, — ah, —
Ah, — ah, —
Ah, — ah, —

40
gra - zi - a, dis-gra-zi - a, dis-gra-zi - a dis-
gra - zi - a, dis-gra-zi - a, dis-gra-zi - a Ah dis-
gra - zi - a, dis-gra-zi - a, dis-gra-zi - a Ah dis-
Per ché? Per ché?

45
gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, ah
gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, ah
gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a,
dis-gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a, dis-gra-zi-a,
molto ff

Per - ché dis-
Per - ché dis-
dis-gra-zi-a Per - ché dis-
dis-gra-zi-a Per - ché dis-

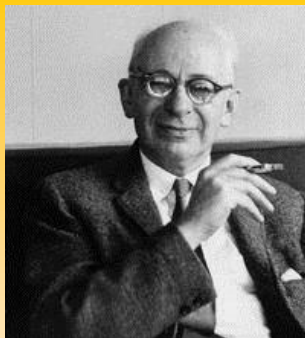
[illegible]

2. Thema mit Variationen

Var.1 Vivace ma non troppo

Var.2 Moderato scherzando

Var.3 Allegro molto



Mario Castelnuovo-Tedesco

(1895-1968)

Rondel über den Namen S. B.

Romancero Gitano für Gitarre und Chor

La Guarda Cuydadosa

2te Gitarre-Konzert (in C) (1. Satz)

an Siegfried Behrend.

als Erinnerung der harten Steine in Florenz
und seiner Freunde

Mario

Florenz. am 27. July 1954

MARIO CASTELNUOVO TEDESCO

Op. 170, Nr. 6
(1954)

RONDEL

über den Namen
on the name of — sur le nom de

SIEGFRIED BEHREND

„Rondel“ ist der sechste Satz der Suite „Gruß-Karten“, die für eine Gruppe seiner Lieblings-Interpreten geschrieben wurde (für verschiedene Instrumente). Andere Stücke der Suite sind: „Serenatella“ für Violine und Klavier, Yascha Heifetz gewidmet; „Valse“ für Cello und Klavier, Gregor Piatigorsky gewidmet; „Tonadilla“ für Gitarre, Andres Segovia gewidmet; „Mirages“ für Klavier, Walter Gieseking gewidmet.

Die verschiedenen Stücke dieser Suite stehen musikalisch in Zusammenhang mit den Namen der Künstler, denen sie gewidmet sind. Sie folgen einem besonderen „alphabetischen System“, das auf der auf und absteigenden chromatischen Tonleiter basiert.

Der Komponist verwandte all die „kleinen Kniffe“ des Zwölftonsystems (Inversionen, Retrogressionen usw.) und versuchte gleichzeitig, ein „psychologisches Porträt“ des jeweiligen Künstlers zu geben.

Pour Siegfried Behrend

3

RONDEL

über den Namen
on the name of — sur le nom de
Siegfried Behrend

revised and fingered by
Siegfried Behrend

Mario Castelnuovo-Tedesco
Op. 170 Nr. 6 1954



Allegretto con spirito
(S - I - E - G - F - R - I - E - D)

mf

p dolce mp espr.

mf

mp espr.

p dolce

p dolce

VI - LA GUARDA CUYDADOSA (*The Soldier in Love*)

Cashmere Tools

VI - LA GUARDA CUIDADOSA (*The Soldier in Love*)
Cesár Méndez Rodríguez

6° in MI
Alla marcia

p uguale (quasi Tamburo)

p *con spirito*

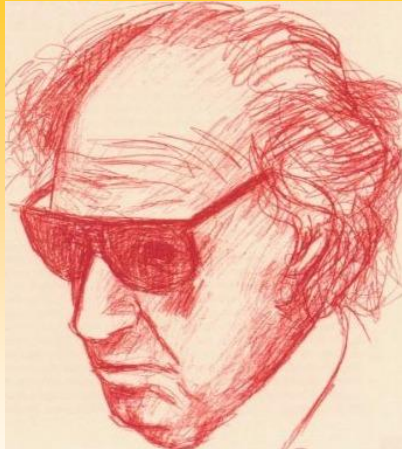
mf *f* *mp* *poco rit.*

Romancero Gitano

II

LA GUITARRA

Romancero Gitano



Joaquín Rodrigo (1901-1999)

Junto a generalife

Tiento antiguo

2

Siegfried Behrend gewidmet

TIENTO ANTIGUO

Moderato

Noten - Archiv
Siegfried Behrend
(Privateigentum)

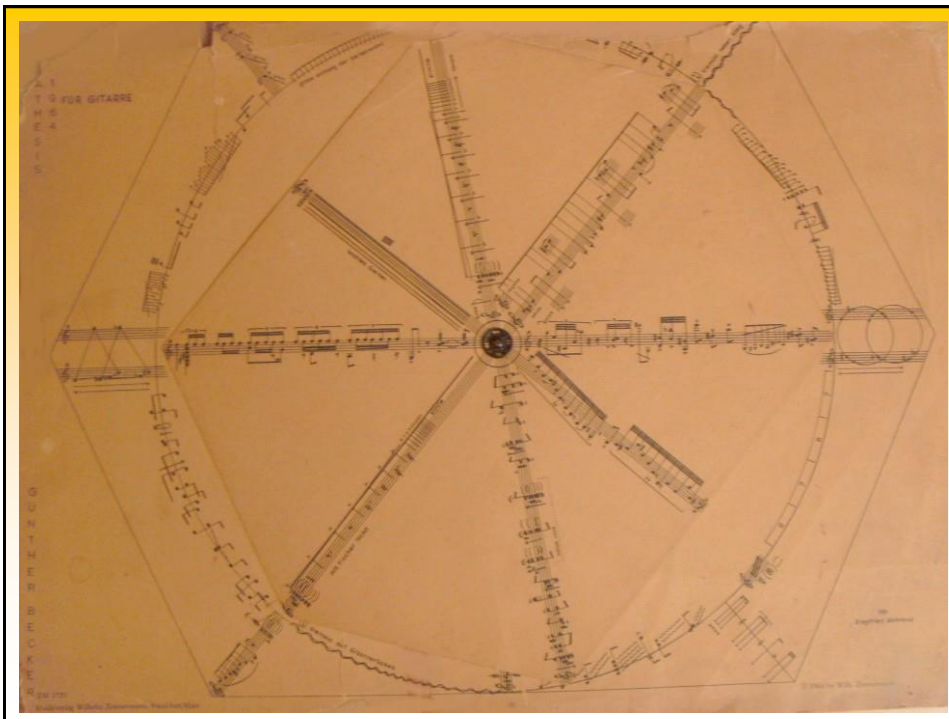
Joaquín Rodrigo
redigiert von
Siegfried Behrend

The musical score is written for guitar on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked 'Moderato'. The score consists of five lines of music. The first line contains measures 1-4. The second line contains measures 5-8, with a circled '5' above the first measure. The third line contains measures 9-12. The fourth line contains measures 13-16, with a '1/2 C. 5' marking above the first measure. The fifth line contains measures 17-20, with a 'cantabile' marking above the first measure and a circled '3' above the first measure. The score ends with a double bar line and the text 'Arm. 12'.



Günther Becker (1924 - 2007)

Methathesis (1964)



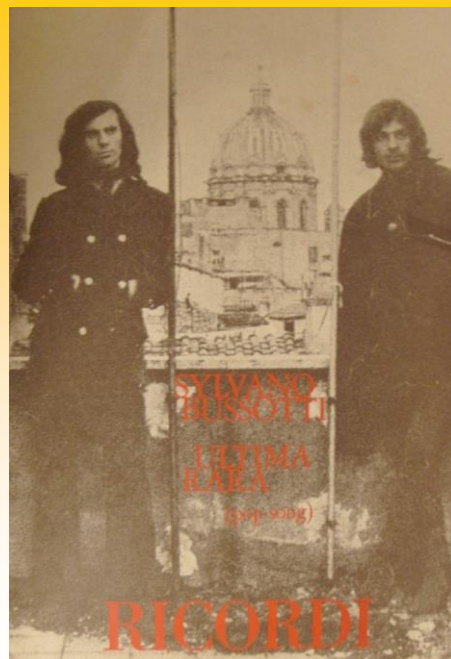


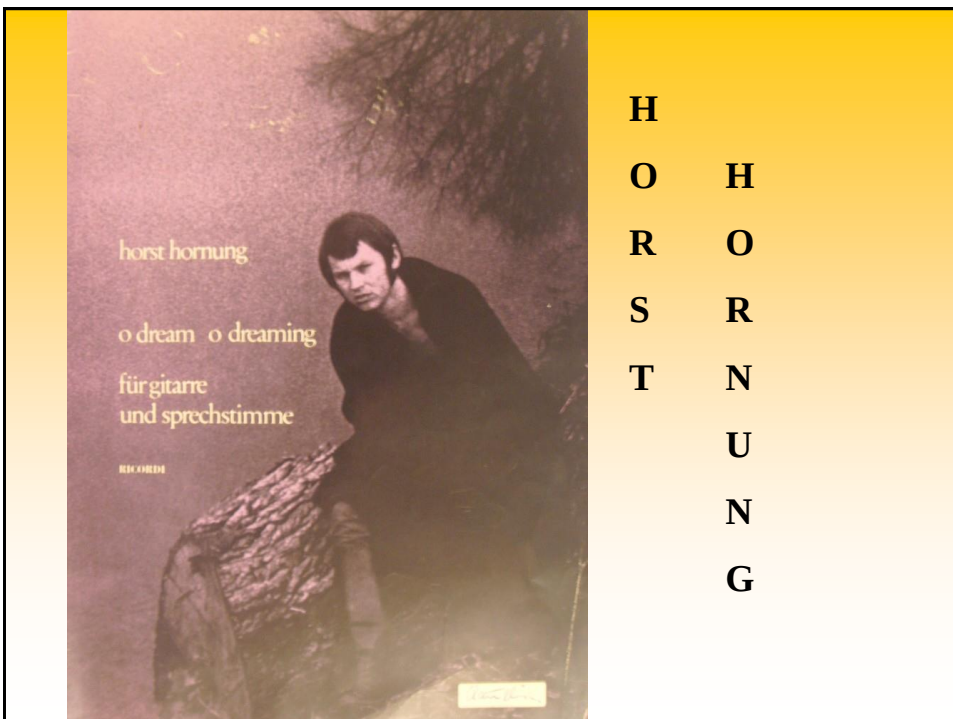
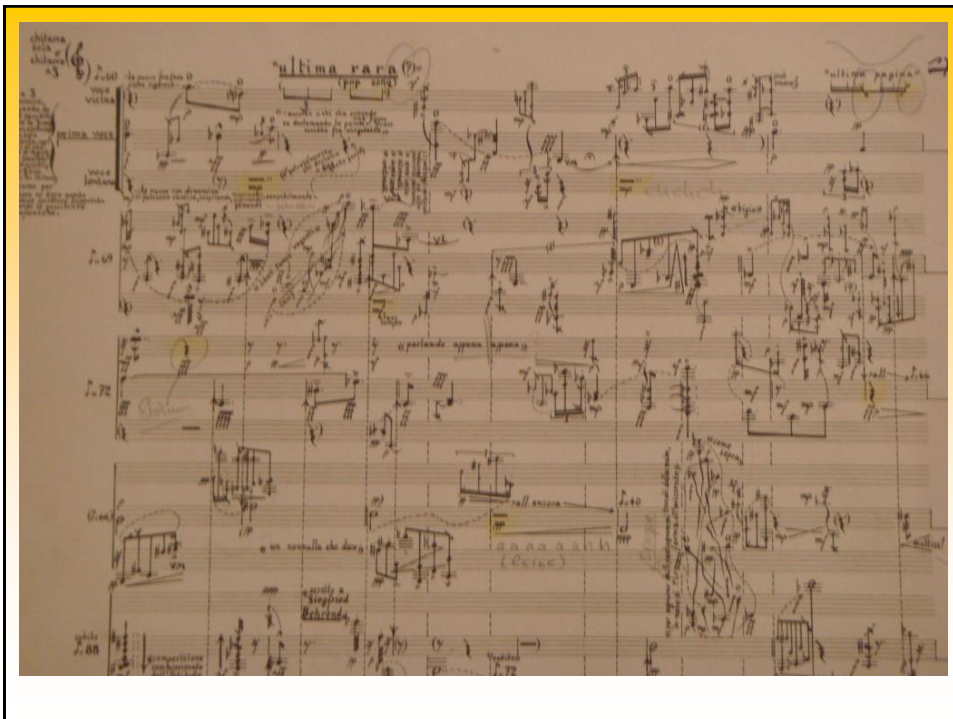
Kompositionen für Gitarre und Sprechstimme

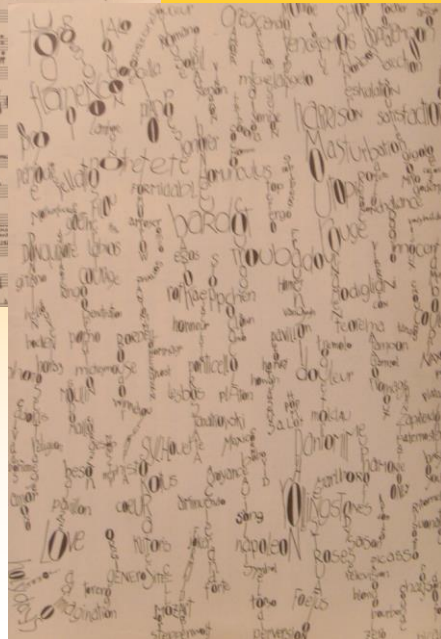
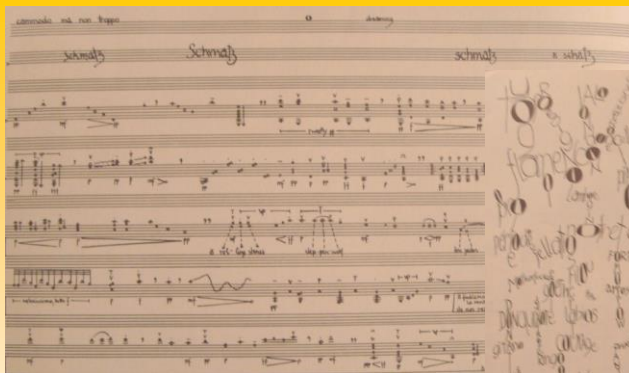


Sylvano Bussotti (1931)

ULTIMA RARA?







Der Gitarrepieler trägt
eine Sonnenbrille und
steuert Tönen und
Geräuschen zum
Spielgeschehen bei.



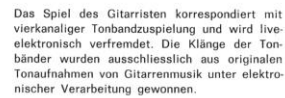
Klaus Hinrich Stahmer (1941)

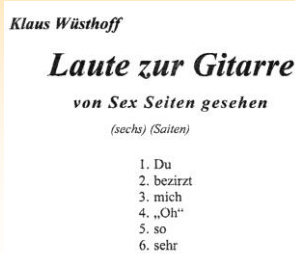
Espace de la Solitude

El Bailarin, Debussyana

La voce del Fiume







1. Du

Liedle zur Gitarre vordem spielen
richtig, tief klingend [1^{ste}, 18] für (Dunkel- u. fies. Befehl)

d = d - d(-) d = d

sehr
regal

Dr!

Kar Wff

f

mf

Handwritten musical score for "Der Schwanenreiter" by Franz Liszt. The score is written on three systems of staves. The first system is for the right hand (RH) in C major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of quarter note = 120 (3 Takts = 5 1/3 Sec.). It features a melodic line with many accidentals and a bass line with triplets and a forte (ff) dynamic. The second system is for the left hand (LH) in C major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of quarter note = 120. It features a melodic line with many accidentals and a bass line with triplets and a forte (ff) dynamic. The third system is for the right hand (RH) in C major, 4/4 time, with a tempo of quarter note = 120. It features a melodic line with many accidentals and a bass line with triplets and a forte (ff) dynamic. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style with many corrections and annotations.

① Golpe (hellklingend)
(Bass-Git.)

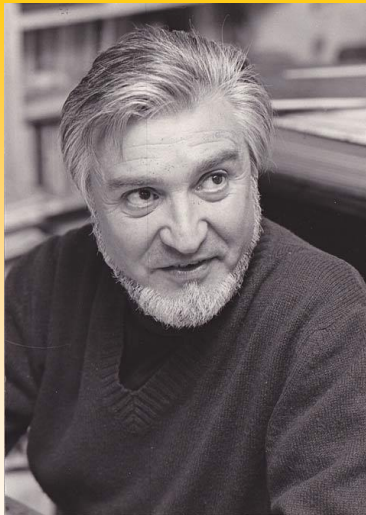
② Solo

③

④ Holz

u (Zeichen bedeutet: Töne erhöhen)

Golpe (hellklingend)



Anestis Logothetis

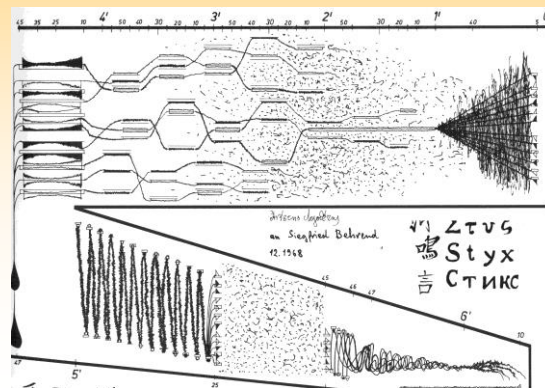
(1921 - 1994)

Zonen 1969

Mantratelurium 1970

Styx

Anastasis

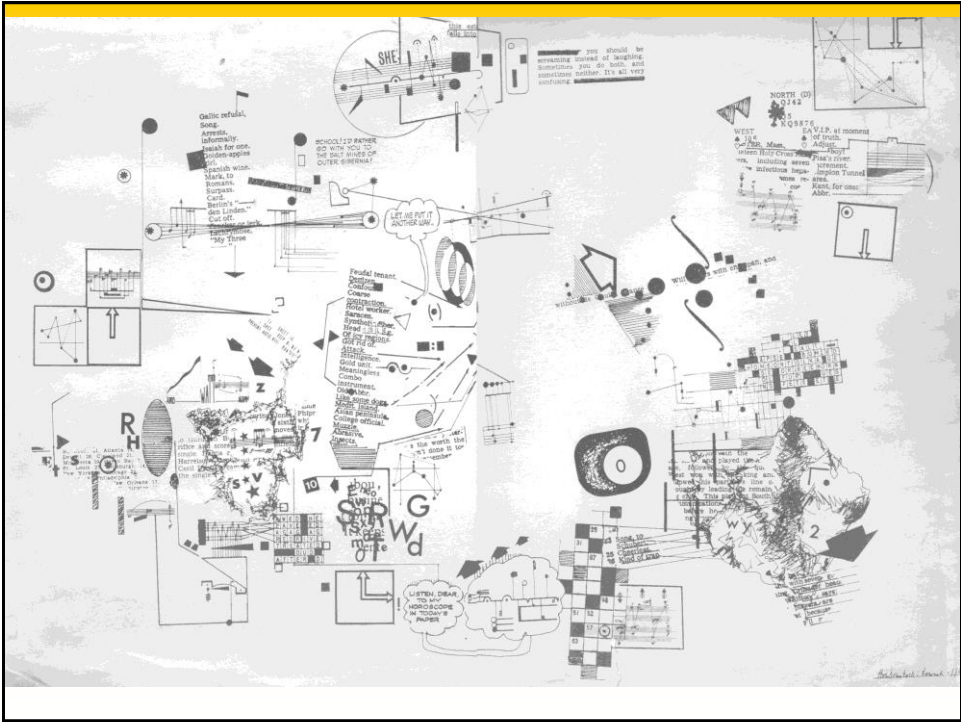
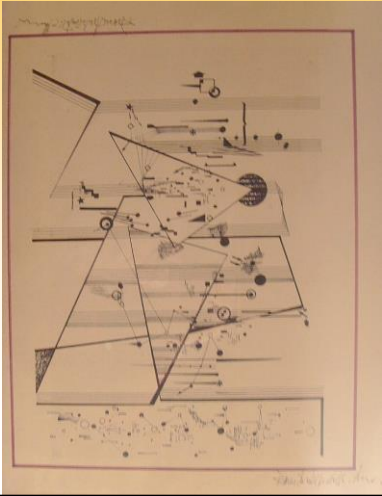




Roman Haubenstock-Ramati (1919-1994)

Alone

The moon is still blue





Herbert Baumann

Duetto concertante, Contrasti

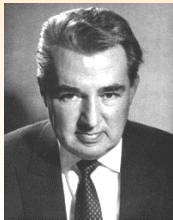
Fantasia über "Es geht ein dunkle Wolk herein"

Andalusische Serenade, Sonatine über finnische Volkslieder



Klaus Hashagen

PerGitTon

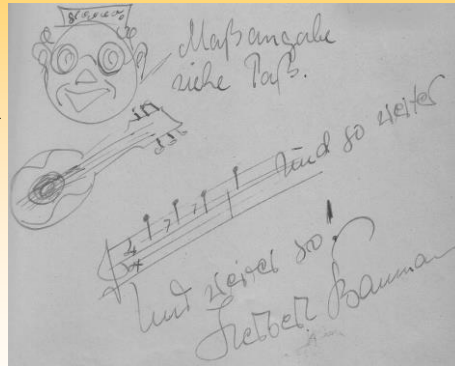


Fried Walter

Reflexe

Suite für Gitarre (und Orchester)

Blumenkatalog, Poesiealbum u. a.



Internationaler Kompositionswettbewerb für Gitarre



1975/76 Brasilien

1. Preisträger

Jorge de Freitas Antunes

SIGHS

Epilog

Zwei Arabesken

für
Gitarre Solo



Veit Erdmann (1944)

In memoriam
Siegfried Behrend

Veit Erdmann
9/90

Handwritten musical score for guitar solo, titled "Zwei Arabesken" by Veit Erdmann (1990). The score is written on six staves. The first staff is marked "ruhige Viertel" and "mf". The second staff is marked "mf". The third staff is marked "ff". The fourth staff is marked "ff". The fifth staff is marked "ff". The sixth staff is marked "ff". The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Offene Fragen

Penderecki (Capriccio)?

Duarte?

Persönliche Widmungen im MS?

...



Mehr Material auf www.siegfried-behrend.com